

**allocates 26 characters on
the stack the for loop
assigns alphabetic characters
to each element**

```
using System;
```

```
public unsafe class Starter {  
    public static void Main() {  
        char* pChar = stackalloc char[26];  
        char* _pChar = pChar;  
        for (int count = 0; count < 26; ++count) { (*_pChar) =  
            (char)(((int)('A')) + count); ++_pChar; } for (int count = 0;  
count < 26; ++count) { Console.Write(pChar[count]); } } }  
[/csharp]
```